

Gender Equality



Gender in local government management, policy making and budgeting

8.35% average women mayors in SEE
(Moldova highest 22.05%
North Macedonia lowest 2.5%)

3 capital cities managed by women mayors
(Sofia, Sarajevo and Skopje)

28.5% women municipal councilors
(Turkey lowest 11%;
Albania highest 44%)

10 out of 12 economies in SEE have adopted Law on Gender Equality

5 out of 12 economies have no Gender Equality strategic documents in place

7 out of 12 economies in SEE have no Gender Responsive Budgeting adopted at central government level.

The Gender Responsive Budgeting is applied in local governments in half of the economies of SEE.

Gender participation in the Associations of Local Governments



Only 12% of the representatives in the General Assembly of the Associations in SEE are women.

Only 3 out of 14 Associations have a women Presidents.

Women constitute 25% of the representatives in the Governing bodies of the Association.

Only 35% of the Associations' permanent bodies (commissions/committees/collegia/sekcije etc.) are gender balanced.

65% of the administrative staff in the NALAS member Associations are women.



Gender mainstreaming in policies of Associations

In 6 out of 14 Associations a separate body whose work focuses on gender is established.

The vast majority of the Associations (10 out of 14) do not have a separate Strategic document for Gender Equality.

50% of the Associations mainstream gender in their Action/Work Plans.

Gender is reflected in Strategic Plans of 8 of the Associations.

In 10 out of 14 Associations a gender focal point is assigned.